

Common Acronyms and Terms

RPG - role playing game

DM / GM - dungeon master / game master

PC - player character

NPC - nonplayer character

HP - hit points

AC - armor class

XP - experience points

DC - difficulty class

Advantage - roll a second d20, take the higher roll Disadvantage - roll a second d20, take the lower roll Ability Check - roll a d20 and add the appropriate ability modifier. The roll determines your character's outcome in overcoming a task or challenge.

Proficiency Bonus - your character is particularly skilled in a certain task. Add your proficiency bonus to ability checks made for that skill.

Skills - specific aspects of abilities. Your character has unique skills that they have focused training on.

Initiative - decides combat order. Every participant rolls a Dexterity check to determine their place in the order.

Speed - determined by your character's race. This number tells you how far you can move in combat.



d20 - 20 sided dice, used for checks and attacks.

d12 - 12 sided dice. soccer ball shape. used to determine damage.

d10 - 10 sided dice. both used to determine a percentage. individual dice used to determine damage.

d8 - 8 sided dice. stacked pyramid shape. used to determine damage.

d6 - 6 sided dice. cube shape. used to determine damage.

d4 - 4 sided dice. pyramid shape. used to determine damage.



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Abilities

Strength (Str) - measures physical power
Dexterity (Dex) - measures agility
Constitution (Con) - measures endurance
Intelligence (Int) - measures reasoning and memory
Wisdom (Wis) - measures perception and insight
Charisma (Cha) - measures force of personality



Combat Step by Step

- **1. Determine surprise.** DM determines whether anyone involved in combat encounter was surprised.
- 2. Establish positions. DM decides where all characters and monsters are located.
- **3. Roll initiative.** Everyone rolls initiative determining the order of combat.
- **4. Take turns.** Each participant takes a turn.
- **5. Begin next round.** After everyone takes a turn, the round ends. Repeat step 4 until fighting stops.

Your Turn in Combat

On your turn, you can **move** a distance up to your speed and **take one action**.

Various class features, spells, and other abilities allow you to take another action on your turn. This is called a **bonus** action. You can only take one bonus action on your turn.

Actions in Combat

Attack - most common action. Examples include swinging your sword, firing an arrow, or casting a spell.

Spell Casting - spells each have a casting time that specify when the caster can use it. Typically, spells take I action.

Dash - you can move double your speed this turn.

Disengage - you do not provoke opportunity attacks for the rest of your turn.

Dodge - you focus on avoiding attacks. Until the start of your next turn, attacks made against you have disadvantage as long as you can see the attacker.

Help - you can assist another creature to complete a task or to make their attack more effective. Before your next turn, the ally has advantage on their ability check for the task or their first attack roll against a target.

Making an Attack

- 1. Choose a target. Pick a target within your attack's range.
- 2. Determine modifiers. Ability modifier for a melee weapon is Strength and for a ranged weapon Dexterity. Spells that require attack rolls may use Wisdom, Intelligence, or Charisma depending on the class.
- 3. Resolve the attack. On a hit, you roll damage.

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